

HERCULES AND OMPHALE (HÉRCULES Y ÓNFALA)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. ALLEGORY, MYTHOLOGY, HISTORY



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA	1784
DIMENSIONES	81 x 64.1 cm
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE	Oil on canvas
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA	Documented work
TITULAR	Private collection
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN	17 Feb 2010 / 14 Jun 2023

INSCRIPCIONES

FRANCISCO DE GOYA. AÑO 1784 ("Francisco de Goya. 1784", on the blade of the sword).

HISTORIA

We do not know the original provenance of this work. It seems that we are before a humorous mythological scene, if the traditional identification of the subject of the painting is correct. It perhaps responds to the tastes of a client, or Goya himself, as indicated by the prominence of the signature, which suggests to a close relationship between artist and

client.

It belonged to the collection of the Marquises of la Torrecilla. Some time before 1928 it passed to the collection of the Duke of San Pedro de Galatina in Madrid. It was then part of the collection of the Marchioness of Valdeolmos until 1983, and was subsequently inherited by her heirs.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

We can see the hero Hercules, who was made a slave by the decision of the Oracle at Delphi and bought by the Queen of Lydia, Omphale. The story goes that she sheltered Hercules in her palace, and that there the hero acquired the habits of a lady, hence his depiction in this painting carrying out some sewing while a young lady watches him, amused. Behind them we can see Omphale, who is sat holding a sword. The humour expressed in the pose of feminine delicacy adopted by the hero is added to by the fact that while he is clothed from head to foot in a manly suit of 16th-century armour he is trying to thread a needle. The three figures, seated in a circle, are lit in an unrealistic way: there is no visible source of light in the composition, although the light seems to emanate from the centre of the group.

The work is painted on a reddish ground which shows through in various places on the canvas, contributing to the vividness of the colour palette, which is very intense. The faces of the women are reminiscent of the *Immaculate Conception* preserved as a sketch in the Prado Museum and the artist's portraits of María Teresa de Vallabriga, the wife of the Infant Louis de Bourbon.

It was in that same year, 1784, that Goya produced the magnificent group portrait *The Family of the Infante Don Luis*. Juliet Wilson thinks it possible that the hidden meaning of this supposedly mythological work refers to themorganatic marriage of the infant and his bride from Zaragoza, and her purported extra-marital affairs. This is a very sensual scene in which Omphale admires her slave lover alongside her very lightly dressed companion.

CONSERVACIÓN

The work was cleaned in 1983. The frame is not original.

EXPOSICIONES

Pinturas de Goya

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1928
consultant editor Fernando
Álvarez de Sotomayor. From
April to -May 1928
cat. 3/73: *Duque de San Pedro Galatino*

Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993
from November 18th 1993 to
February 15th 1994. Exhibited
also at the Royal Academy of
Arts, London, March 18th to
June 12th 1994 and The Art
Institute of Chicago, Chicago,
July 16th to October 16th 1994,
consultant editors Manuela B.
Mena Marqués and Juliet
Wilson-Bareau
cat. 18

Goya. La imagen de la mujer

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2001
from October 30th 2001 to
February 10th 2002. Exhibited
also at the National Gallery of
Art, Washington, March 10th to
June 2nd 2002, consultant
editor Francisco Calvo Serraller
cat. 47

Goya: Prophet der Moderne

Alte Nationalgalerie Berlin 2005
from July 13th to October 3th
2005. Exhibited also at the
Kunsthistorischemuseum,
Vienna, October 18th 2005 to
January 8th 2006, consultant
editor Manuela B. Mena

Goya y el infante don Luis: el exilio y el reino.

Palacio Real, Madrid Madrid 2012
Arte y ciencia en la época de la
ilustración española.
Responsable científico
Francisco Calvo Serraller. Del
octubre de 2012 a enero de 2013.

CURTOS MANUELA B. MENA

Marqués

cat. 12

cat.1

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DESPARMET FITZ - GERALD, Xavier

vol. I, p. 116, cat. 66

1928-1950

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de

p. 100, cat. 173

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Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet

pp. 77, 93, cat. 198

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CAMÓN AZNAR, José

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Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

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vol. I, p. 260, cat. 158

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Polígrafa

Goya. El capricho y la invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

MENA, Manuela B. y WILSON-BAREAU, Juliet

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1993

Museo del Prado

ENLACES EXTERNOS