

INTERIOR OF A PRISON (INTERIOR DE PRISIÓN)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. VARIOUS SUBJECTS

SERIE: CABINET PICTURES (PAINTING, 1793 - 1794) (14/14)



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

1793 - 1794

UBICACIÓN

The Bowes Museum, Barnard Castle, United Kingdom

DIMENSIONES

42.9 x 31.7 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on tin

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Undisputed work

TITULAR

The Bowes Museum

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

13 May 2010 / 14 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

359 (29)

HISTORIA

This work came from the collection of the Count of Quinto, Madrid. It was acquired by J. Bowes in 1862.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This work may have belonged to the set of paintings that Goya made during his stay in Cádiz at the home of Sebastián Martínez and which he presented at the Royal Academy of Fine Arts of San Fernando in Madrid in January 1794 (see rec. no.).

The scene takes place inside a prison cell, in which we can see light pouring in through an archway, a visual device that brings to mind that used in the work *Children Playing at Bullfighting*.

Inside this room, Goya has painted a number of prisoners, lying down, sitting on the ground and leaning against the walls, fettered with handcuffs and shackles, and all of them dressed in rags, if at all. These are miserable, dejected men, themselves as surely imprisoned by fear and desperation as their arms and legs are by the chains and manacles. Goya emphasized the importance of these elements by placing at the centre of the composition the shackles which bind the feet of the prisoner lying on the ground, well lit by the light coming in through the archway.

We do not know whether the artist had the opportunity to visit a real prison or whether he was told of the state of these places by others, but we do know that he took a keen interest in the situation that prisoners found themselves in. It is quite likely that he would have read the text by Cesare Beccaria (Milan, 1738-Milan, 1794) entitled *On Crimes and Punishments (Dei delitti e delle pene)* (1764). In this treatise, the Italian author called for the abolition of the death penalty and proposed measures to humanize the punishments employed in prisons. He stated the need for policies which aimed to prevent crimes rather than ones which focussed chiefly on dishing out punishments, in most cases disproportionate ones at that, for them.

Goya's interest in the work of Beccaria would also be seen in some of the etchings in his Disasters of War series, in which he portrays a number of brutal executions (for example, no. 14, *The way is hard! (Duro es el paso!)*, and no. 15, *And it can't be helped (Y no hai remedio)*).

EXPOSICIONES

Exposición conmemorativa del centenario de Goya

Palacio de Oriente Madrid 1946

organized by Patrimonio Nacional. June 1946

cat. 50

Goya y el espíritu de la Ilustración

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1988

from October 6th to December 18th 1988. Exhibited also at Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, January 18th to March 26th 1989; The Metropolitan Museum of Art, Nueva York, May 9th to July 16th 1989, Madrid curator Manuela B. Mena Marqués, scientific directors Alfonso E. Pérez Sánchez and Eleanor A. Sayre

cat. 71

Goya: Prophet der Moderne

Alte Nationalgalerie Berlin 2005

from July 13th to October 3th 2005. Exhibited also at the

Goya

Musée Jacquemart-André Paris 1961

consultant editor Jean-Gabriel Domergue. From December 1961 to February 1962

cat. 57

Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993

from November 18th 1993 to February 15th 1994. Exhibited also at the Royal Academy of Arts, London, March 18th to June 12th 1994 and The Art Institute of Chicago, Chicago, July 16th to October 16th 1994, consultant editors Manuela B. Mena Marqués and Juliet Wilson-Bareau

cat. 42

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008

consultant editor Manuela B. Mena Marqués, from April 14th to July 13th 2008

Goya and his times

The Royal Academy of Arts London 1963

cat. 66

cat. 102

Goya's Realism

Statens Museum for Kunst Copenhagen 2000

from February 11th to May 7th 2000

pp. 156-157, n° 32

Goya et la modernité

Pinacothèque de Paris Paris 2013

from October 11st 2013 to March 16th 2014

cat. 148

Kunsthistorischemuseum,
Vienna, October 18th 2005 to
January 8th 2006, consultant
editor Manuela B. Mena
Marqués
cat. 31

cat. 3

Goya

Basle 2021
p. 149

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

L'œuvre peint de Goya. 4 vols

DESPARMET FITZ - GERALD, Xavier
p. 238, cat. 207
1928-1950

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de
p. 125, cat. 532
1974
Rizzoli

Goya. El capricho y la invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

MENA, Manuela B. y WILSON-BAREAU, Juliet
(comisarias)
pp. 200, 201, 202, 203, 208 (il.), cat.
1993
Museo del Prado

www.thebowesmuseum.org.uk

Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet
p. 264, cat. 929
1970
Office du livre

Goya y el espíritu de la Ilustración

PÉREZ SÁNCHEZ, Alfonso E. y SAYRE, Eleanor
A. (directores) and MENA, Manuela B.
(comisaria)
pp. 268 y 269 (il.), cat. 71
1988
Museo del Prado

Los mundos de Goya (1746-1828)

SUREDA PONS, Joan
il. 141
2008
Lunwerg

GUDIOL RICART, José
vol. I, pp. 321, cat. 470
t. 1
1970
Poligrafa

Goya. Arte e condizione umana

PAZ, Alfredo de
pp. 155-156, il. 134
1990
Liguori editore

Goya's prison: the year of despair

JENKINS, Adrian
2009
Bowes Museum

ENLACES EXTERNOS