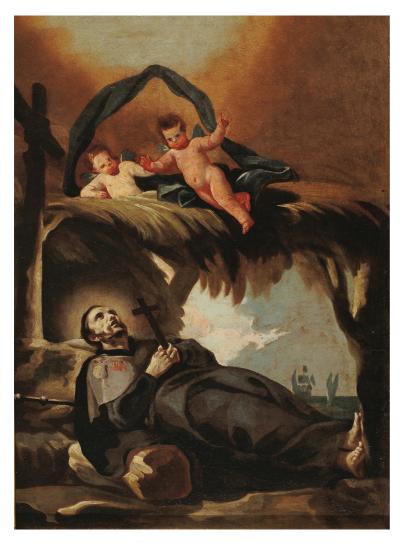
DEATH OF SAINT FRANCIS XAVIER (LA MUERTE DE SAN FRANCISCO JAVIER)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. RELIGIOUS



DATOS GENERALES
CRONOLOGÍA
UBICACIÓN
DIMENSIONES
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA
TITULAR
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

Ca. 1771 - 1774

Museum of Zaragoza, Zaragoza, Spain
56 x 42 cm
Oil on canvas

Documented work

Museo de Zaragoza
07 Jan 2010 / 03 Dec 2024
76 (9261)

HISTORIA

INVENTARIO

This work was presumably created for one of Goya's relatives as a devotional painting. It was inherited by Ms. Francisca Lucientes, a descendent of his uncle Miguel, his mother's brother.

The Museum of Zaragoza acquired the canvas from the Lucientes family in 1926, together with another dedicated to the Virgin of the Pillar.

From December 5th, 2024, and while the Zaragoza Museum remains closed for works, the painting is part of the exhibition 'Goya. From the Museum to the Palace' in the Aljafería Palace in Zaragoza.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This dramatic scene, clearly divided into two sections - upper and lower - bears witness to the death of Saint Francis Xavier in 1552 on the Chinese island of Sangchuan, where he had been abandoned by the Portuguese who used to trade with the Chinese. In the background we can make out a ship, while the dying saint is pictured clutching a wooden cross, lying beneath an improvised shelter of palms guarded by the two putti which dominate the upper part of the canvas.

The work is executed in rapid, flowing brushstrokes. The face and the hands stand out as they are illuminated. The overlaying of light on dark gives depth to the painting.

The painting was acquired by the Museum of Zaragoza under the title Discovery of the Body of Saint James (Invención del cuerpo de Santiago), an incorrect identification based on the pilgrim's cloak worn by the saint and the shell hanging from his shoulder. However, under this cloak the saint wears the habit of the Jesuits, confirming his affiliation with that order.

A preparatory sketch for this painting can be found in the *Italian Sketchbook*, which proves its authenticity, although the artist did modify the original basic concept.

In terms of the painting's provenance, its identical size and the similarities between the putti in this work and those of the *Virgin of the Pillar*, also housed in the Museum of Zaragoza, suggest that they are a pair.

CONSERVACIÓN

The painting has a reddish base which shows through in certain areas of the work. It has been relined.

It underwent restoration work in the workshops of the Museum of Zaragoza, and the severe craquelure which the painting had suffered – as is the case of other paintings from this period of Goya's career, including its companion painting, the Virgin of the Pillar – was corrected.

EXPOSICIONES

Exposición de obras de Goya y de objetos que recuerdan las manufacturas artísticas de su época

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1928

organized by la Real Academia de Nobles y Bellas Artes de San Luis in collaboration with the Junta del Patronato del Museo Provincial. April 1928 cat. 463

Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993 from November 18th 1993 to February 15th 1994. Exhibited also at the Royal Academy of Arts, London, March 18th to June 12th 1994 and The Art

Institute of Chicago Chicago

Goya joven (1746-1776) y su entorno

Museo e Instituto Camón Aznar Zaragoza 1986 consultant editorl José Rogelio Buendía. November 21st to December 20th 1986 cat. 34

Goya (1746 - 1828)

Galleria Internazionale d'Arte Moderna di Ca'Pesaro Venecia 1989

consultant editor Antonio Fortún Paesa. From May 7th to July 4th 1989

Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 1996 consultant editor Federico Torralba Soriano. From October 3th to December 1st 1996 cat. 13

Goya e Italia

Museo de Zaragoza Zaragoza 2008 organized by the Fundación Goya en Aragóna, consultant editor Joan Sureda Pons. From June 1st to September 15th 2008 cat. 202

montate or emeago, emeago, July 16th to October 16th 1994, consultant editors Manuela B. Mena Marqués and Juliet Wilson-Bareau

cat 5

Goya et la modernité

Pinacothèque de Paris París 2013

from October 11st 2013 to March 16th 2014

cat.3

Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raices aragonesas

Museo Goya. Colección Ibercaja Zaragoza cat. 12

Goya. From the Museum to the Palace

L'opera pittorica completa di

Zaragoza 2024 cat 95

Goya

1974

Rizzoli

ANGELIS, Rita de

p. 94, cat. 64

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Francisco de Goya, 4 vols.

CAMÓN AZNAR, José vol. I, p. 62 y p. 240 (il.) 1980-1982

Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

Goya. El capricho y la invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

MENA, Manuela B. y WILSON-BAREAU, Juliet (comisarias)

pp. 112, 113, cat. 5 y p. 115 (il.) 1993

Museo del Prado

Goya y Aragón. Familia, amistades y encargos artísticos

ANSÓN NAVARRO, Arturo pp. 105, 107 y p. 106 (il.)

1995

Wilfredo

pp. 56-57

Caja de Ahorros de la Inmaculada de Aragón

OROPESA, Marisa and RINCÓN GARCÍA,

Col. Mariano de Pano y Ruata

Realidad e imagen. Goya 1746 **- 1828**

TORRALBA SORIANO, Federico (comisario) pp. 72-73 (il.), cat. 13 1996 Gobierno de Aragón y Electa España

Goya <u>y</u> Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B. et al. pp. 128-129 2015 Fundación Goya en Aragón, Ibercaja y Gobierno de Aragón

Goya e Italia, 2 vols. SUREDA PONS, Joan (comisario)

vol. II, p. 262, cat. 202 2008 Fundación Goya en Aragón y Turner

Goya. From the Museum to the Palace

pp.94-95 2024 Zitro Comunicación

2013 Pinacoteca de París

PALABRAS CLAVE

SAN FRANCISCO JAVIER

ENLACES EXTERNOS