

# SAINT FRANCIS OF PAOLA (SAN FRANCISCO DE PAULA)

CLASIFICACIÓN: PRINTS

SERIE: RELIGIOUS SUBJECTS (PRINTS AND DRAWINGS, 1774-1782) (3/3)



## DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA	1780 - 1782
DIMENSIONES	130 x 95 mm
TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE	Etching and drypoint
RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA	Undisputed work
FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN	07 Nov 2010 / 31 May 2023
INVENTARIO	836 225

## INSCRIPCIONES

CARI (upper left-hand corner).

Signed *Goya f.t* (lower left, along the edge).

## HISTORIA

There exist some early state proofs and small print runs in which the inscription "CARI" is reversed, a mistake which Goya corrected in the finished plate.

## ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

*Saint Francis of Paola* is shown with his face turned to one side, although not quite in profile. His head is covered with a cloth, his eyes are looking upwards, and standing out from his wrinkled face are a prominent nose and full beard, which covers much of his chest. In one hand he holds a cane. Goya has built up the dark background with short and continuous horizontal lines, giving shape to the saint's halo, which is left in white, just like his beard. The tunic covering his head and body is rendered using the same regular, tightly-packed lines. This technique denotes an increased skill in the use of etching than that previously displayed by the artist, but also an increased reserve.

Goya's decision to depict this saint could be related to the birth of his son in 1780, who was baptized Francisco de Paula Antonio Benito. What is more, when Goya's daughter was born in 1782, he gave her the name Francisca de Paula. It could be said therefore that the artist felt a particular devotion for this saint and that this etching could have been executed sometime between the years 1780 and 1782, coinciding with these events within his personal life.

Although it is true that in this piece Goya demonstrates just how well he knew the work of José de Ribera (Xàtiva, Valencia, 1591-Naples, 1652), we must also consider the influence of the work of Giovanni Domenico Tiepolo (Zianigo, Venice, 1727-Venice, 1804). Specifically, parallels can be drawn between Goya's *Saint Francis of Paola* and Tiepolo's *Saint Joseph and the Christ Child*, made between 1760 and 1770. Such a comparison focuses on the way in which short, horizontal lines are used to create the figure's clothing, as well as the way in which some parts of the paper are left bare, generating an interesting contrast between light and shade and contributing to the illusion of volume.

It is likely that Goya's work was also inspired by the engraving by Miguel Gamborrino (1760-1828) of the same title, *Saint Francis of Paola* (National Chalcography Museum, from the collection of Antonio Correa, Madrid), in which the expression on the saint's face, the tunic covering his head, and his luxuriant beard all bear a certain resemblance to the etching by Goya.

#### CONSERVACIÓN

The etching plate is conserved in the National Chalcography Museum, having been acquired in 1792 (cat. 155).

#### EXPOSICIONES

##### **De grafiek van Goya**

Rijksmuseum Rijksprentenkabinet Amsterdam  
1970  
from November 13th 1970 to  
January 17th 1971  
cat. 11

##### **Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional. Exposición de grabados y dibujos en el sesquicentenario de su muerte**

Biblioteca Nacional Madrid 1978  
May - June 1978  
cat. 3

##### **Goya. Das Zeitalter der Revolutionen. Kunst um 1800 (1980 - 1981)**

Hamburger Kunsthalle Hamburg 1980  
p. 259, cat. 214

##### **Ydioma universal: Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional**

Biblioteca Nacional Madrid 1996  
from September 19th to  
December 15th 1996  
cat. 68

##### **Goya artista de su tiempo y Goya artista único**

The National Museum of Western Art Tokyo  
1999  
from December 1st to July 3th  
1999  
cat. 10

##### **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

Museo Goya. Colección Ibercaja Zaragoza  
2015  
cat. 29

#### BIBLIOGRAFÍA

##### **Goya, grabador**

BERUETE Y MONET, Aureliano de  
cat. 2  
1918  
Blass S.A.

##### **Goya engravings and lithographs, vol. I y II.**

HARRIS, Tomás  
cat. 3  
1964  
Bruno Cassirer

##### **Vie et ouvre de Francisco de Goya**

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet  
cat. 55  
1970  
Office du livre

##### **Catálogo de las estampas de Goya en la Biblioteca Nacional**

SANTIAGO, Elena M. (coordinadora)  
cat. 4  
1996  
Ministerio de Educación y Cultura, Biblioteca  
Nacional

##### **Goya y Zaragoza (1746-1775). Sus raíces aragonesas**

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B. et al.  
pp. 166-169  
2015  
Fundación Goya en Aragón, Ibercaja y  
Gobierno de Aragón

##### **Goya. In the Norton Simon Museum**

WILSON BAREAU, Juliet  
p. 27  
2016  
Norton Simon Museum

#### ENLACES EXTERNOS

